

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES REPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patern and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PAL Box 1450 Accorded, Virginia 22313-1450 Accorded, Virginia 22313-1450

APPLICATION NO.	FIL	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/519,095		1/27/2006	Peter A. Fortman	06975-551USI	9000	
26171	7590	11/09/2006		EXAMINER		
FISH & RICHARDSON P.C. P.O. BOX 1022				NGUYEN, QUANG N		
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55440-1022		55440-1022		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	,			2141		
			•	DATE MAILED: 11/09/2000	DATE MAILED: 11/09/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/519,095	FORTMAN ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Quang N. Nguyen	2141	
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Th Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-26 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	rawn from consideration. /or election requirement.		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir 10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>27 December 2004</u> is. Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiration.	/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ object ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ection is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prince application from the International Burer * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Application in the contraction in the	on No d in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 20041227.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite	

Detailed Action

1. This Office Action is in response to the Application SN 10/519,095 filed on 12/27/2004. Claims 1-26 are presented for examination.

Information Disclosure Statement

2. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 12/27/2004 is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claims 1-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Selgas et al. (US 6,571,290), hereinafter "Selgas".

Art Unit: 2141

5. As to claim 1, **Selgas** teaches a method for modifying network configuration information on a client node, the method comprising:

establishing a first network connection between the client node and a host node using at least one network configuration parameter (after the client dispatch application 200 has determined the proper dial-in number, the user's modem is initialized and dialing occurs to connect the user 110 to the access service 106 via the predetermined ISP 102 using the selected dial-in number) (Selgas, Fig. 2 and col. 14, lines 38-42);

collecting configuration history information on the client node, the configuration history information having at least one parameter that is related to the first network connection (collecting and storing the network services information, i.e., configuration history information, in the network services database 206 on the user node 110a, 110b, wherein the network services database 206 contains access information for each dial-in number for a particular ISP <u>such as one or more PAP IDs/passwords, default routing information and configuration information to configure the user's modem, such as data compression information and speed</u>) (Selgas, Fig. 2, col. 9, lines 39-62 and col. 17, lines 40-65);

analyzing policy information on the client node, the policy information having a rule that is used for specifying a predetermined criterion (based on the determined geographic location of the user, identifying and providing the user 110 with information needed to access one or more desired ISPs 102 that meet the customer desired low cost operation, reliability operation, and/or availability operation, i.e., meet a predetermined criterion) (Selgas, col. 8, lines 32-54 and col. 15, lines 22-34);

Art Unit: 2141

Page 4

if one of the parameters in the configuration history information does not satisfy the predetermined criterion, modifying one of the network configuration parameters (after receipt, the access service 106 reviews the header information to determine what, if any, updates are required to be made to the user client's dispatch application, databases, or network access devices operating system, i.e., identifying and providing the user 110 with information needed to access one or more desired ISPs 102 based on cost, location, availability, reliability, etc.) (Selgas, col. 8, lines 32-54 and col. 17, lines 40-65); and

establishing a second network connection between the client node and the host node using the modified network configuration parameter (<u>after receiving the ISP-specific access information</u>, the client dispatch application 200 may disconnect the user 110 from the current ISP 102 and automatically dial and reconnect the user 110 to the desired ISP 102 associated with the ISP-specific access information, i.e., associated with the modified network configuration parameter) (Selgas, col. 8, lines 9-13).

6. As to claim 2, **Selgas** teaches the method of claim 1, further comprising receiving the policy information from the host node prior to analyzing the policy information (the access service 106 identifies and provides the user 110 with policy information including access information needed to access one or more desired ISPs 102 that meet the customer desired low cost operation, reliability operation, and/or availability operation) (Selgas, col. 8, lines 32-54).

Art Unit: 2141

7. As to claim 3, **Selgas** teaches the method of claim 1, wherein:

the first network connection comprises a first modem connection (after the client dispatch application 200 has determined the proper dial-in number, the user's modem is initialized and dialing occurs to connect the user 110 to the access service 106 via the predetermined ISP 102 using the selected dial-in number) (Selgas, Fig. 2 and col. 14, lines 38-42);

the at least one network configuration parameter comprises at least one modem configuration parameter (the updated ISP-specific access information comprising information such as one or more PAP IDs/passwords, default routing information and configuration information to configure the user's modem, such as dial-in number, data compression information and speed) (Selgas, col. 17, lines 40-65); and

the second network connection comprises a second modem connection (<u>after receiving the ISP-specific access information</u>, the client dispatch application 200 may disconnect the user 110 from the current ISP 102 and automatically dial and reconnect the user 110 to the desired ISP 102 associated with the ISP-specific access information, i.e., associated with the modified network configuration parameter) (Selgas, col. 8, lines 9-13).

8. As to claim 4, **Selgas** teaches the method of claim 1, further comprising:

if one of the parameters in the configuration history information does not satisfy the predetermined criterion, modifying a plurality of the network configuration parameters (after receipt, the access service 106 reviews the header information to

Art Unit: 2141

determine what, if any, updates are required to be made to the user client's dispatch

application, databases, or network access devices operating system, i.e., identifying

and providing the user 110 with information needed to access one or more desired ISPs

102 based on cost, location, availability, reliability, etc.) (Selgas, col. 8, lines 32-54 and

col. 17, lines 40-65); and

establishing a second network connection between the client node and the host

node using the modified network configuration parameters (after receiving the ISP-

specific access information, the client dispatch application 200 may disconnect the user

110 from the current ISP 102 and automatically dial and reconnect the user 110 to the

desired ISP 102 associated with the ISP-specific access information, i.e., associated

with the modified network configuration parameter) (Selgas, col. 8, lines 9-13).

9. As to claim 5, **Selgas** teaches the method of claim 4, wherein the at least one

modem configuration parameter includes a dialed number parameter and a connection

speed parameter (the updated ISP-specific access information comprising information

such as one or more PAP IDs/passwords, default routing information and configuration

information to configure the user's modem, such as dial-in number, data compression

information and speed) (Selgas, col. 17, lines 40-65).

10. As to claim 6, Selgas teaches the method of claim 5, wherein the at least one

modem configuration parameter further includes a data compression technique

parameter and a modulation technique parameter (the updated ISP-specific access

Page 6

Art Unit: 2141

Page 7

information comprising information such as one or more PAP IDs/passwords, default routing information and configuration information to configure the user's modem, such as dial-in number, data compression information and speed) (Selgas, col. 17, lines 40-65).

11. As to claim 7, **Selgas** teaches the method of claim 1, wherein:

the first network connection comprises a first Internet connection (the user 110 connects to the Internet 100 via a predetermined ISP 102) (Selgas, col. 6, lines 6-31);

the at least one network configuration parameter comprises at least one Internet configuration parameter (Selgas, col. 6, lines 6-31); and

the second network connection comprises a second Internet connection (the user 110 reconnects to the Internet 100 via a preferred/desired ISP 102) (Selgas, col. 6, lines 6-31).

12. As to claim 8, **Selgas** teaches the method of claim 7, wherein the at least one Internet configuration parameter includes a host Internet Protocol (IP) address parameter (when the user contacts the ISP, the user is connected to the next available modem and the IP address of that modem becomes the IP address of that user for the remainder of that connection session) and a connection speed parameter (the updated ISP-specific access information comprising information such as configuration information to configure the user's modem, such as dial-in number, data compression information and speed) (Selgas, col. 6, lines 6-31 and col. 17, lines 40-65).

Art Unit: 2141

13. As to claim 9, Selgas teaches the method of claim 8, wherein the at least one

Internet configuration parameter further includes a data compression technique

parameter and an encryption technique parameter (various databases residing at the

access provider and each of the clients systems permits dynamic or constantly

changeable network access and encryption parameters to minimize the possibility of

unauthorized access) (Selgas, col. 17, lines 40-65 and col. 29, lines 6-13).

14. As to claim 10, Selgas teaches method of claim 1, wherein the configuration

history information includes a dialed number parameter and a connection speed

parameter (the updated ISP-specific access information comprising information such as

one or more PAP IDs/passwords, default routing information and configuration

information to configure the user's modem, such as dial-in number, data compression

information and speed) (Selgas, col. 17, lines 40-65).

15. As to claim 11, **Selgas** teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the configuration

history information includes a host Internet Protocol (IP) address parameter (when the

user contacts the ISP, the user is connected to the next available modem and the IP

address of that modem becomes the IP address of that user for the remainder of that

connection session) and a connection speed parameter (the updated ISP-specific

access information comprising information such as configuration information to

configure the user's modem, such as dial-in number, data compression information and

speed) (Selgas, col. 6, lines 6-31 and col. 17, lines 40-65).

Page 8

Art Unit: 2141

Page 9

16. As to claim 12, **Selgas** teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the configuration

history information includes a performance statistic (a client-specific histogram is

generated containing information about past history of the user's connections) (Selgas,

col. 21, lines 31-61).

17. As to claim 13, **Selgas** teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the rule contained

in the policy information include a rule for specifying cost or performance criteria (which

ISP 102 and what locations (dial-in phone numbers for local access) have the lowest

priced service for a given user's dial-in location) (Selgas, col. 20, lines 51-61).

18. As to claim 14, Selgas teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the policy

information further includes host access information used by the client node when

modifying the network configuration parameter (the access service 106 tracks and

stores information relating to all ISPs 102 and dial-in numbers regarding past history

connections so the reliability function may use any one of the types of availability

information, or combination thereof, for determining the dial-in number that will provide

the user with a high reliability connection) (Selgas, col. 21, lines 31-61).

19. As to claim 15, **Selgas** teaches the method of claim 14, wherein the host access

information includes at least one modem access number (the updated ISP-specific

access information comprising information such as configuration information to

Art Unit: 2141

Page 10

configure the user's modem, such as dial-in number, data compression information and

speed) (Selgas, col. 6, lines 6-31 and col. 17, lines 40-65).

20. As to claim 16, Selgas teaches the method of claim 14, wherein the host access

information includes at least one Internet Protocol (IP) address (when the user contacts

the ISP, the user is connected to the next available modem and the IP address of that

modem becomes the IP address of that user for the remainder of that connection

session) (Selgas, col. 6, lines 6-31).

21. As to claim 17, Selgas teaches the method of claim 1, further comprising

terminating the first network connection (after receiving the ISP-specific access

information, the client dispatch application 200 may disconnect the user 110 from the

current ISP 102 and automatically dial and reconnect the user 110 to the desired ISP

102 associated with the ISP-specific access information, i.e., associated with the

modified network configuration parameter) (Selgas, col. 8, lines 9-13).

22. As to claim 18, Selgas teaches the method of claim 1, further comprising

sending the configuration history information to the host node (after the user 110

establishes a connection to the access server 106 via a predetermined ISP 102, the

client dispatch application 200 dispatches a "pinger" message, to the access server

106, with header information including the database 206 that contains access

information for each dial-in number for a particular ISP such as one or more PAP

Art Unit: 2141

Page 11

IDs/passwords, default routing information and configuration information to configure

the user's modem, such as data compression information and speed) (Selgas, col. 9,

lines 39-62, col. 11, lines 50-59 and col. 17, lines 40-65).

23. As to claim 19, Selgas teaches the method of claim 1, further comprising

collecting additional configuration history information on the client node, the additional

configuration history information containing at least one parameter that is related to the

second network connection (the Service Selected sub-function retrieves configuration

information from the network services database 206 and sends this information in a

data message to the access service 106) (Selgas, col. 20, lines 35-50).

24. Claim 20 is a corresponding computer system claim of method claim 1; therefore,

it is rejected under the same rationale.

25. As to claim 21, Selgas teaches the computer system of claim 20, further

comprising an input/output device (i.e., the user computer/laptop 1150/1180 comprising

a modem, keyboard, screen, mouse, speakers, etc.) (Selgas, Figs. 20-21).

26 As to claim 22, Selgas teaches the computer system of claim 20, further

comprising a network adaptor (i.e., comprising an Ethernet card) to interface with a

network device during establishment of the first and second network connections

(Selgas, col. 15, lines 35-40).

Art Unit: 2141

Page 12

27. As to claims 23-24, **Selgas** teaches the computer system of claim 22, wherein the network device is a modem *(one of the plurality of modems of the ISP 102)* (**Selgas, Figs. 20-21**).

- 28. Claim 25 recites a corresponding computer system comprising means for performing the method claim 1; therefore, it is rejected under the same rationale.
- 29. Claim 26 recites a computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions contained therein for performing the method claim 1; therefore, it is rejected under the same rationale.

Conclusion

- 30. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - Dieterman et al. (US 2002/0013896 A1) discloses a method for updating computer configuration settings.
 - Farhat et al. (US 2003/0097442 A1) discloses a method and system for monitoring service quality of at least one network connection point.
 - Ogg et al. (US 2003/0097450 A1) discloses a dial-up manager looking up optimal phone numbers to dial.

Art Unit: 2141

• Yip (US 2004/0177144 A1) discloses a method for balancing a load of clients of a

Page 13

network across a plurality of communications providers.

31. A shortened statutory period for reply to this action is set to expire THREE (3)

months from the mailing date of this communication. See 37 CFR 1.134.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Quang N. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571)

272-3886.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

SPE, Rupal Dharia, can be reached at (571) 272-3880. The fax phone number for the

organization is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Quang N. Nguyen Patent Examiner

AU - 2141